

# Exhibit A



# Presidential Authority to Suspend Entry of Aliens Under 8 U.S.C. § 1182(f)

Updated February 21, 2024

The President has the authority “to suspend the entry of all aliens or any class of aliens” whenever the President “finds that the entry of any aliens or of any class of aliens into the United States would be detrimental to the interests of the United States.” Presidential Administrations have invoked this authority, found in [8 U.S.C. § 1182\(f\)](#), in diverse contexts, including to suspend the entry of some individuals [connected](#) with “Russian efforts to undermine the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Ukraine,” certain students and researchers [arriving](#) from China, and some foreign nationals arriving to the United States by air from specific countries during the [COVID-19 pandemic](#). This statutory authority to restrict the entry of certain aliens has [garnered](#) recent attention by lawmakers. This Legal Sidebar discusses the presidential authority found in Section 1182(f) and provides a table documenting entry restrictions expressly invoking this authority that have been issued from December 31, 1980, through February 15, 2024.

## Background

Prior to the enactment of Section 1182(f), predecessor statutes passed in response to World War I and World War II authorized the President to restrict the entry and departure of persons. In 1918, Congress passed the [Act of May 22, 1918](#), which authorized the President, “when the United States is at war,” to place restrictions and prohibitions on “the departure of persons from and their entry into the United States ... if the President shall find that the public safety requires” these restrictions. Invoking this authority, President Woodrow Wilson then issued [Presidential Proclamation No. 1,473](#), providing that “[n]o alien shall receive permission to depart from or enter the United States unless it shall affirmatively appear that there is reasonable necessity for such departure or entry and that such departure or entry is not prejudicial to the interests of the United States.”

The 1918 Act was effective only during [wartime](#), but it was amended just before the United States entered World War II to apply to the national emergency declared in response to the widening conflict. The [Alien Visa Act of 1941](#) amended the 1918 Act to authorize the President, “[w]hen the United States is at war or during the existence of the national emergency proclaimed by the President on May 27, 1941,” to limit the departure of persons from and their entry into the United States when “the President shall find that the interests of the United States require.” During consideration of the Alien Visa Act of 1941 and proposed amendments, legislators debated the appropriate scope of the presidential authority, including whether to

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restrict the authority to [wartime](#) and whether to [ground](#) such authority in the protection of “public safety” or the “public interest.” One Senator [argued](#) that “we are constantly drifting away from constitutional methods of procedure in government and proceeding to government by Executive decree.” In response, another Senator explained that, according to the Department of State, the authority permitting the President to place limitations in support of the “interests of the United States” would be used only to “[suppress subversive activities.](#)” President Franklin Roosevelt invoked this authority through [Presidential Proclamation 2,523](#), which provided that, among other restrictions on travel, “[n]o alien shall be permitted to enter the United States if it appears to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State that such entry would be prejudicial to the interests of the United States....”

The [current version](#) of Section 1182(f) authorizing the President to suspend the entry of aliens or classes of aliens if such entry would be detrimental to the interests of the United States [derives](#) from the initial passage of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) in 1952. An amendment that would have limited the provision to a national emergency or state of war was debated during this time, with some [arguing](#) that the broad language with no limitations was “absolutely essential.” For instance, one Representative pointed to a potential “outbreak of an epidemic in some country,” claiming it would be “impossible” for Congress “to act.” Others [expressed](#) concern in giving the President such broad authority independent of a requirement of war or national emergency, asserting that it would give the President “the right to say that hereafter there shall be no more immigration into the United States.”

The Supreme Court has understood Section 1182(f) to convey broad authority to the President to limit the entry of aliens into the United States. In the 1993 decision [Sale v. Haitian Centers Council, Inc.](#), the Court upheld the validity of an interdiction program established by President George H. W. Bush through [Executive Order No. 12,807](#), which was based on the authority under Section 1182(f). According to the [Sale](#) Court, “[i]t is perfectly clear that 8 U.S.C. § 1182(f) grants the President [ample power](#) to establish a naval blockade that would simply deny illegal Haitian migrants the ability to disembark on our shores.”

In the 2018 decision [Trump v. Hawaii](#), the Supreme Court interpreted Section 1182(f) as granting broad presidential authority to suspend the entry of aliens. In this case, the Court considered whether President Donald Trump had authority under Section 1182(f) to issue [Proclamation No. 9,645](#), which “place[d] [entry restrictions](#) on the nationals of eight foreign states whose systems for managing and sharing information about their nationals the President deemed inadequate,” and whether it [violated](#) the [Establishment Clause of the First Amendment](#). The Court rejected the legal challenges by a 5-4 vote, holding that the breadth of the restrictions on nationals of the countries identified by the proclamation did not exceed the President’s authority under Section 1182(f). The majority stated that, “[b]y its terms,” Section 1182(f) “[exudes](#) deference to the President” and grants the President broad authority to impose entry restrictions. The Court reasoned that Section 1182(f) is a “[comprehensive delegation](#)” that gives the President discretion over every detail of the entry restrictions he sets under it, including “when to suspend entry,” “whose entry to suspend,” “for how long,” and “on what conditions.”

Following [Trump v. Hawaii](#), lower courts have continued to address the scope of the President’s authority to exclude aliens under Section 1182(f). In particular, courts have considered whether the level of deference owed to the President’s exercise of that authority should depend on whether the proclamation is premised on national security interests or purely domestic affairs. Some courts have held that the President is entitled to less deference when a proclamation is based on domestic interests. For example, in one case, a federal district court [held](#) that a 2020 [proclamation](#) issued by President Trump suspending entry of certain nonimmigrant workers based on economic concerns during the COVID-19 pandemic exceeded the President’s authority under Section 1182(f) because the statute “does not afford the President unbridled authority to set domestic policy regarding employment of nonimmigrant foreigners.” (President Joe Biden [revoked](#) the challenged proclamation during the pendency of the government’s appeal, and the U.S. Court of Appeals decided this action [rendered the case moot](#) without reaching the merits of the lower court decision.) In a separate case concerning the legality of that proclamation,

another district court, citing Supreme Court precedent, [rejected](#) the distinction between domestic and foreign affairs for purposes of determining the appropriate level of deference.

Lower [courts](#) have also [explained](#) that, while Section 1182(f) gives the President authority to suspend the entry of certain aliens, immigration officials may not rely upon that authority to suspend visa adjudications. More generally, [courts](#) have [explained](#) that the President’s authority under Section 1182(f) is not unbounded and may not be used to supersede or conflict with other provisions of the INA. In one recent case, however, a federal district court suggested in a [footnote](#) that, at least in some circumstances, Section 1182(f) “would certainly seem to authorize the President to close the border to arriving aliens once it became apparent that ... [immigration detention] facilities were not going to be able to handle the ‘surge’ of aliens coming to the border.”

In sum, while courts uniformly recognize that Section 1182(f) conveys broad authority to the President to restrict the entry of aliens into the United States, the judicial branch continues to grapple with questions over Section 1182(f)’s application and the degree that domestic interests may inform the President’s decision to invoke that authority.

## Presidential Actions Suspending Entry of Aliens

As shown in **Table 1**, various presidential Administrations have relied on Section 1182(f) in many contexts. It appears that Presidents did not employ Section 1182(f) to impose entry restrictions until the Reagan Administration. On at least two earlier occasions—[1953](#) and [1979](#)—Presidents invoked a separate INA provision, [8 U.S.C. § 1185](#), to authorize Department of State regulations restricting alien entry. Since 1981, every President has invoked Section 1182(f) at least once, as shown in **Table 1** below. Invocations have become more frequent in recent presidential Administrations, as shown below.

**Table 1** below lists information regarding presidential proclamations and executive orders (hereinafter “presidential documents”) issued after December 31, 1980, through February 15, 2024, that have expressly invoked 8 U.S.C. § 1182(f) to impose entry restrictions.

- **Column 1—Date of Invocation** lists the date an entry restriction was issued. The entry restrictions are arranged in reverse-chronological order.
- **Column 2—Title of Order or Proclamation** lists the title of the presidential document published in the *Federal Register*.
- **Column 3—Citation** includes an executive order or proclamation number as well as *Federal Register* citation. Any identified amendments or partial revocations to the entry restrictions are noted in parentheses.
- **Column 4—Nature of Exclusion** briefly summarizes the nature of the listed entry exclusion but does not identify waivers, exemptions, or limitations.
- **Column 5—Status** includes information about the status of the entry restrictions listed in **Columns 1-3**, including any presidential document that entirely revoked or superseded a listed entry restriction. “No presidential revocation identified” indicates that no rescission by way of presidential document was found. When a complete revocation was not identified for a listed restriction, **Column 5** includes the most recent reference to the listed restriction in a presidential document if such a reference exists.

CRS compiled **Table 1** using the parameters and limitations outlined in the “Table Methodology” section below. Different research methodologies may yield different results.

**Table 1. Entry Restrictions Expressly Invoking 8 U.S.C. § 1182(f) Issued After December 31, 1980, and Through February 15, 2024**

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
<b>Invocations by President Joe Biden</b>				
Feb. 1, 2024	Imposing Certain Sanctions on Persons Undermining Peace, Security, and Stability in the West Bank	Exec. Order No. 14,115, <a href="#">89 Fed. Reg. 7,605 (Feb. 5, 2024)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to the West Bank (e.g., persons involved with “actions ... that threaten the peace, security, or stability of the West Bank”).	No presidential revocation identified.
Dec. 11, 2023	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Enabling Corruption	Pres. Proc. No. 10,685, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 86,541 (Dec. 14, 2023)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons connected with “significant corruption” (e.g., “laundering of its proceeds or obstruction of judicial or investigative processes”).	No presidential revocation identified.
May 4, 2023	Imposing Sanctions on Certain Persons Destabilizing Sudan and Undermining the Goal of a Democratic Transition	Exec. Order No. 14,098, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 29,529 (May 5, 2023)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to Sudan (e.g., persons involved with “actions or policies that threaten the peace, security, or stability of Sudan”).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Oct. 31, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 75,227 (Oct. 31, 2023)</a> .
July 19, 2022	Bolstering Efforts to Bring Hostages and Wrongfully Detained United States Nationals Home	Exec. Order No. 14,078, <a href="#">87 Fed. Reg. 43,389 (July 21, 2022)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons connected with “the hostage-taking of a United States national or the wrongful detention of a U.S. national abroad.”	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of July 12, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 45,327 (July 15, 2023)</a> .
Feb. 21, 2022	Blocking Property of Certain Persons and Prohibiting Certain Transactions with Respect to Continued Russian Efforts to Undermine the Sovereignty and Territorial Integrity of Ukraine	Exec. Order No. 14,065, <a href="#">87 Fed. Reg. 10,293 (Feb. 23, 2022)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to Russia’s “purported recognition of the so-called Donetsk People’s Republic (DNR) or Luhansk People’s Republic (LNR) regions of Ukraine.”	No presidential revocation identified.

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Dec. 15, 2021	Imposing Sanctions on Foreign Persons Involved in the Global Illicit Drug Trade	Exec. Order No. 14,059, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 71,549</a> (Dec. 17, 2021).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to “global illicit drug trade” (e.g., persons involved with “activities or transactions that have materially contributed to ... the international proliferation of illicit drugs or their means of production”).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Dec. 13, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 86,809</a> (Dec. 13, 2023).
Nov. 26, 2021	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Certain Additional Persons Who Pose a Risk of Transmitting Coronavirus Disease 2019	Pres. Proc. No. 10,315, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 68,385</a> (Dec. 1, 2021).	In response to COVID-19, suspending the entry as immigrants and nonimmigrants of certain persons who were physically present within Botswana, Eswatini, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, and Zimbabwe during the 14-day period before their entry or attempted entry.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,329, <a href="#">87 Fed. Reg. 149</a> (Jan. 3, 2022).
Nov. 16, 2021	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Responsible for Policies or Actions That Threaten Democracy in Nicaragua	Pres. Proc. No. 10,309, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 64,797</a> (Nov. 19, 2021).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of specified categories of persons responsible for policies or actions that threaten Nicaragua's democratic institutions (e.g., government officials with the rank of vice minister or above; military officers).	No presidential revocation identified.
Oct. 25, 2021	Advancing the Safe Resumption of Global Travel During the COVID-19 Pandemic	Pres. Proc. No. 10,294, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 59,603</a> (Oct. 25, 2021).	Suspending the entry as nonimmigrants of persons not fully vaccinated against COVID-19, with exceptions.	Revoked in part by Pres. Proc. No. 10,575, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 30,889</a> (May 9, 2023).
Sept. 17, 2021	Imposing Sanctions on Certain Persons with Respect to the Humanitarian and Human Rights Crisis in Ethiopia	Exec. Order No. 14,046, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 52,389</a> (Sept. 21, 2021).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to Ethiopia (e.g., persons involved with “corruption or serious human rights abuse in or with respect to northern Ethiopia”).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Sept. 7, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 62,435</a> (Sept. 11, 2023).

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Aug. 9, 2021	Blocking Property of Additional Persons Contributing to the Situation in Belarus	Exec. Order No. 14,038, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 43,905 (Aug. 11, 2021)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to Belarus (e.g., persons found “to operate ... in the defense and related materiel sector”).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of June 12, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 39,109 (June 14, 2023)</a> .
June 8, 2021	Blocking Property and Suspending Entry into the United States of Certain Persons Contributing to the Destabilizing Situation in the Western Balkans	Exec. Order No. 14,033, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 31,079 (June 10, 2021)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to the Western Balkans (e.g., persons found to be involved with serious human rights abuses and corruption in the Western Balkans).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of June 20, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 40,683 (June 22, 2023)</a> .
Apr. 30, 2021	Suspension of Entry as Nonimmigrants of Certain Additional Persons Who Pose a Risk of Transmitting Coronavirus Disease 2019	Pres. Proc. No. 10,199, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 10,199 (May 6, 2021)</a> .	In response to COVID-19, suspending the entry as nonimmigrants of persons who were physically present in India during the 14-day period before their entry or attempted entry.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,294, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 59,603 (Oct. 25, 2021)</a> .
Apr. 15, 2021	Blocking Property with Respect to Specified Harmful Foreign Activities of the Government of the Russian Federation	Exec. Order No. 14,024, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 20,249 (Apr. 19, 2021)</a> (amended by Exec. Order No. 14,066, <a href="#">87 Fed. Reg. 13,625 (Mar. 10, 2022)</a> , and Exec. Order No. 14,114, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 246 (Dec. 26, 2023)</a> ).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to Russia (e.g., persons found to operate in the technology or the defense and related materiel sector of the Russian economy and those who have engaged in malicious cyber-enabled activities).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Apr. 7, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 21,457 (Apr. 10, 2023)</a> .
Feb. 10, 2021	Blocking Property with Respect to the Situation in Burma	Exec. Order No. 14,014, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 9,429 (Feb. 12, 2021)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to Burma (e.g., persons found “to operate in the defense sector” of the Burmese economy and those who engage in actions that “undermine the democratic processes or institutions in Burma”).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Feb. 7, 2024, <a href="#">89 Fed. Reg. 8,989 (Feb. 9, 2024)</a> .



Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Jan. 25, 2021	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Certain Additional Persons Who Pose a Risk of Transmitting Coronavirus Disease 2019	Pres. Proc. No. 10,143, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 7,467 (Jan. 28, 2021)</a> .	In response to COVID-19, suspending the entry as immigrants and nonimmigrants of certain persons who were physically present within the Schengen Area, the United Kingdom, Ireland, Brazil, and South Africa during the 14-day period before their entry or attempted entry.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,294, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 59,603 (Oct. 25, 2021)</a> .
<b>Invocations by President Donald Trump</b>				
Sept. 21, 2020	Blocking Property of Certain Persons with Respect to the Conventional Arms Activities of Iran	Exec. Order No. 13,949, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 60,043 (Sept. 23, 2020)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to Iran (e.g., persons who engage in “any activity that materially contributes to the supply, sale, or transfer ... to or from Iran, or for the use in or benefit of Iran, of arms and related materiel, including spare parts”).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 10, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 15,595 (Mar. 13, 2023)</a> .
July 14, 2020	The President’s Executive Order on Hong Kong Normalization	Exec. Order No. 13,936, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 43,413 (July 14, 2020)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons related to certain activities in Hong Kong (e.g., persons found to have been involved “in the coercing, arresting, detaining, or imprisoning of individuals under the authority of ... the Law of the People’s Republic of China”).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of July 11, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 44,669 (July 12, 2023)</a> .
June 11, 2020	Blocking Property of Certain Persons Associated with the International Criminal Court	Exec. Order No. 13,928, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 36,139 (June 15, 2020)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to the International Criminal Court.	Revoked by Exec. Order No. 14,022, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 17,895 (Apr. 7, 2021)</a> .
May 29, 2020	Suspension of Entry as Nonimmigrants of Certain Students and Researchers from the People’s Republic of China	Pres. Proc. No. 10,043, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 34,353 (June 4, 2020)</a> .	Suspending the entry as nonimmigrants of any national of China seeking to enter the United States pursuant to an F or J visa to study or conduct research in the United States, with exceptions.	No presidential revocation identified.



Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
May 24, 2020	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Certain Additional Persons Who Pose a Risk of Transmitting 2019 Novel Coronavirus	Pres. Proc. No. 10,041, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 31933 (May 28, 2020)</a> (amended by Pres. Proc. No. 10,042, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 32,291 (May 28, 2020)</a> ).	In response to COVID-19, suspending the entry as immigrants and nonimmigrants of persons who were physically present in Brazil during the 14-day period before their entry or attempted entry.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,138, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 6,799 (Jan. 22, 2021)</a> .
Apr. 22, 2020	Suspension of Entry of Immigrants Who Present a Risk to the United States Labor Market During the Economic Recovery Following the 2019 Novel Coronavirus Outbreak	Pres. Proc. No. 10,014, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 23,441 (Apr. 27, 2020)</a> (amended by Pres. Proc. No. 10,052, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 38,263 (June 25, 2020)</a> , Pres. Proc. June 29, 2020, Pres. Proc. Dec. 31, 2020, and Pres. Proc. No. 10,131, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 417 (Jan. 6, 2021)</a> ).	In response to COVID-19, suspending the entry as immigrants and nonimmigrants of persons.	Restrictions revoked in part by Pres. Proc. No. 10,014, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 23,441 (Feb. 24, 2021)</a> , and in part expired on Mar. 31, 2021. Pres. Proc. No. 10,131, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 417 (Jan. 6, 2021)</a> .
Mar. 14, 2020	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Certain Additional Persons Who Pose a Risk of Transmitting 2019 Novel Coronavirus	Pres. Proc. No. 9,996, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 15,341 (Mar. 18, 2020)</a> .	In response to COVID-19, suspending the entry as immigrants and nonimmigrants of persons who were physically present in the United Kingdom or Ireland during the 14-day period before their entry or attempted entry.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,138, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 6,799 (Jan. 22, 2021)</a> .
Mar. 11, 2020	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Certain Additional Persons Who Pose a Risk of Transmitting 2019 Novel Coronavirus	Pres. Proc. No. 9,993, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 15,045 (Mar. 16, 2020)</a> .	In response to COVID-19, suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who were physically present in the Schengen Area during the 14-day period before their entry or attempted entry.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,138, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 6,799 (Jan. 22, 2021)</a> .
Feb. 29, 2020	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Certain Additional Persons Who Pose a Risk of Transmitting 2019 Novel Coronavirus	Pres. Proc. No. 9,992, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 12,855 (Mar. 4, 2020)</a> .	In response to COVID-19, suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who were physically present in Iran during the 14-day period before their entry or attempted entry.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,294, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 59,603 (Oct. 25, 2021)</a> .
Jan. 31, 2020	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Who Pose a Risk of Transmitting 2019 Novel Coronavirus and Other Appropriate Measures to Address This Risk	Pres. Proc. No. 9,984, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 6,709 (Feb. 5, 2020)</a> .	In response to COVID-19, suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who were physically present in mainland China during the 14-day period before their entry or attempted entry.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,294, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 59,603 (Oct. 25, 2021)</a> .

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Jan. 31, 2020	Improving Enhanced Vetting Capabilities and Processes for Detecting Attempted Entry into the United States by Terrorists or Other Public-Safety Threats	Pres. Proc. No. 9,983, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 6,699 (Feb. 5, 2020)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants of nationals of Myanmar, Eritrea, Kyrgyzstan, and Nigeria and suspending the issuance of diversity visas to nationals of Sudan and Tanzania.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10, 141, <a href="#">87 Fed. Reg. 7,005 (Jan. 25, 2021)</a> .
Jan. 10, 2020	Imposing Sanctions with Respect to Additional Sectors of Iran	Exec. Order No. 13,902, <a href="#">85 Fed. Reg. 2,003 (Jan. 14, 2020)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons operating or conducting significant transactions within certain sectors of the economy of Iran.	No presidential revocation identified.
Oct. 14, 2019	Blocking Property and Suspending Entry of Certain Persons Contributing to the Situation in Syria	Exec. Order No. 13,894, <a href="#">84 Fed. Reg. 55,851 (Oct. 17, 2019)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons contributing to the situation in Syria.	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Oct. 12, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 71,271 (Oct. 12, 2023)</a> .
Oct. 4, 2019	Suspension of Entry of Immigrants Who Will Financially Burden the United States Healthcare System, in Order to Protect the Availability of Healthcare Benefits for Americans	Pres. Proc. No. 9,945, <a href="#">84 Fed. Reg. 53,991 (Oct. 9, 2019)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants of persons who do not have approved health insurance and do not have the financial resources to pay foreseeable medical costs.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,209, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 27,015 (May 19, 2021)</a> .
Sept. 25, 2019	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Senior Officials of the Government of Iran	Pres. Proc. No. 9,932, <a href="#">84 Fed. Reg. 51,935 (Sept. 30, 2019)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of senior officials of the government of Iran and their immediate family members.	No presidential revocation identified.
Sept. 25, 2019	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Responsible for Policies or Actions That Threaten Venezuela's Democratic Institutions	Pres. Proc. No. 9,931, <a href="#">84 Fed. Reg. 51,931 (Sept. 30, 2019)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of specified categories of persons "responsible for policies or actions that threaten Venezuela's democratic institutions" (e.g., government officials with the rank of vice minister or above; military officers).	No presidential revocation identified.

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Aug. 5, 2019	Blocking Property of the Government of Venezuela	Exec. Order No. 13,884, <a href="#">84 Fed. Reg. 38,843</a> (Aug. 7, 2019).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons who have provided material assistance or support to persons subject to property restrictions due to their links to the government of Venezuela.	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 1, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 13,287</a> (Mar. 2, 2023).
July 26, 2019	Blocking Property and Suspending Entry of Certain Persons Contributing to the Situation in Mali	Exec. Order No. 13,882, <a href="#">84 Fed. Reg. 37,055</a> (July 30, 2019).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of specified categories of persons who have contributed to the situation in Mali in specified ways (e.g., by engaging in “actions or policies that threaten the peace, security, or stability of Mali”).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of July 21, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 48,027</a> (July 25, 2023).
June 24, 2019	Imposing Sanctions with Respect to Iran	Exec. Order No. 13,876, <a href="#">84 Fed. Reg. 30,573</a> (June 26, 2019).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain government officials and corporate executives in Iran (e.g., any person “appointed by the Supreme Leader of Iran or the [Supreme Leader’s Office] to a position as a state official of Iran”) and others who materially assist or support them.	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 10, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 15,595</a> (Mar. 13, 2023).
May 8, 2019	Imposing Sanctions with Respect to the Iron, Steel, Aluminum, and Copper Sectors of Iran	Exec. Order No. 13,871, <a href="#">84 Fed. Reg. 20,761</a> (May 10, 2019).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons operating or conducting business in the iron, steel, aluminum, or copper sectors of Iran.	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 10, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 15,595</a> (Mar. 13, 2023).
Nov. 27, 2018	Blocking Property of Certain Persons Contributing to the Situation in Nicaragua	Exec. Order No. 13,851, <a href="#">83 Fed. Reg. 61,505</a> (Nov. 29, 2018).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who have contributed to the situation in Nicaragua in specified ways (e.g., by engaging in “serious human rights abuse in Nicaragua”).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Nov. 16, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 80,549</a> (Nov. 17, 2023).
Nov. 9, 2018	Addressing Mass Migration Through the Southern Border of the United States	Pres. Proc. No. 9,822, <a href="#">83 Fed. Reg. 57,661</a> (Nov. 15, 2018) (amended by Pres. Proc. No. 9,842, <a href="#">84 Fed. Reg. 3,665</a> (Feb. 12, 2019) and Pres. Proc. No. 9,880, <a href="#">84 Fed. Reg. 21,229</a> (May 13, 2019)).	Suspending the entry of aliens between ports of entry across the southern border, in conjunction with an <a href="#">interim final rule</a> rendering aliens ineligible for asylum if they violate the suspension on entry.	Revoked by Exec. Order No. 14,010, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 8,267</a> (Feb. 5, 2021).

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Sept. 20, 2018	Authorizing the Implementation of Certain Sanctions Set Forth in the Countering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act	Exec. Order No. 13,849, <a href="#">83 Fed. Reg. 48,195</a> (Sept. 21, 2018).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to property sanctions related to the Countering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act.	No presidential revocation identified.
Sept. 12, 2018	Imposing Certain Sanctions in the Event of Foreign Interference in a United States Election	Exec. Order No. 13,848, <a href="#">83 Fed. Reg. 46,843</a> (Sept. 14, 2018).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons determined to have been complicit in foreign interference in a United States election.	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Sept. 7, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 62,437</a> (Sept. 11, 2023).
Aug. 6, 2018	Reimposing Certain Sanctions with Respect to Iran	Exec. Order No. 13,846, <a href="#">83 Fed. Reg. 38,939</a> (Aug. 7, 2018).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons subject to sanctions related to Iran (e.g., persons who have materially assisted "the purchase or acquisition of U.S. bank notes or precious metals by the Government of Iran").	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 10, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 15,595</a> (Mar. 13, 2023).
Dec. 20, 2017	Blocking the Property of Persons Involved in Serious Human Rights Abuse or Corruption	Exec. Order No. 13,818, <a href="#">82 Fed. Reg. 60,839</a> (Dec. 26, 2017).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of 13 named persons and other persons determined to be complicit in serious human rights abuses or corruption.	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Dec. 18, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 87,891</a> (Dec. 19, 2023).
Oct. 24, 2017	Resuming the United States Refugee Admissions Program with Enhanced Vetting Capabilities	Pres. Proc. No. 13,815, <a href="#">82 Fed. Reg. 50,055</a> (Oct. 27, 2017).	Providing for the resumption of the United States Refugee Admissions Program upon the expiration of Executive Order 13,780, subject to limitations established by the Secretaries of State and Homeland Security.	Revoked by Exec. Order No. 14013, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 8,839</a> (Feb. 9, 2021).
Sept. 24, 2017	Enhancing Vetting Capabilities and Processes for Detecting Attempted Entry into the United States by Terrorists or Other Public-Safety Threats	Pres. Proc. No. 9,645, <a href="#">82 Fed. Reg. 45,161</a> (Sept. 27, 2017) (amended by Pres. Proc. No. 9,723, <a href="#">83 Fed. Reg. 15,937</a> (Apr. 13, 2018)).	Suspending the entry as immigrants, nonimmigrants, or both of specified categories of nationals of Chad, Iran, Libya, North Korea, Syria, Venezuela, Yemen, and Somalia.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,141, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 7,005</a> (Jan. 25, 2021).

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Sept. 20, 2017	Imposing Additional Sanctions with Respect to North Korea	Exec. Order No. 13,810, <a href="#">82 Fed. Reg. 44,705</a> (Sept. 25, 2017).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of specified categories of persons subject to property sanctions for operating in certain sectors of the North Korean economy or engaging in commercial activity in North Korea.	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of June 20, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 40,681</a> (June 22, 2023).
Mar. 6, 2017	Protecting the Nation from Foreign Terrorist Entry into the United States	Exec. Order No. 13,780, <a href="#">82 Fed. Reg. 13,209</a> (Mar. 9, 2017).	Suspending for 90 days the entry of aliens from Iran, Libya, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, and Yemen and suspending the entry of all refugees for 120 days.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,141, <a href="#">87 Fed. Reg. 7,005</a> (Jan. 25, 2021).
Jan. 27, 2017	Protecting the Nation from Foreign Terrorist Entry into the United States	Exec. Order No. 13,769, <a href="#">82 Fed. Reg. 8,977</a> (Feb. 1, 2017).	Suspending for 90 days the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons from Iran, Iraq, Libya, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, and Yemen; suspending the entry of all refugees for 120 days; and suspending the entry of refugees from Syria indefinitely.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 10,141, <a href="#">87 Fed. Reg. 7,005</a> (Jan. 25, 2021).
<b>Invocations by President Barack Obama</b>				
Apr. 19, 2016	Blocking Property and Suspending Entry into the United States of Persons Contributing to the Situation in Libya	Exec. Order No. 13,726, <a href="#">81 Fed. Reg. 23,559</a> (Apr. 21, 2016).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have “contributed to the situation in Libya” in specified ways (e.g., engaging in “actions or policies that threaten the peace, security, or stability” of that country or may lead to or result in the misappropriation of Libyan state assets).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Feb. 7, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 10,823</a> (Feb. 21, 2023).
Mar. 15, 2016	Blocking Property of the Government of North Korea and the Workers’ Party of Korea, and Prohibiting Certain Transactions with Respect to North Korea	Exec. Order No. 13,722, <a href="#">81 Fed. Reg. 14,943</a> (Mar. 18, 2016).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have engaged in certain transactions involving North Korea (e.g., selling or purchasing metal, graphite, coal, or software directly or indirectly to or from North Korea or to persons acting for or on behalf of the North Korean government or the Workers’ Party of Korea).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of June 20, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 40,681</a> (June 22, 2023).

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Nov. 22, 2015	Blocking Property of Certain Persons Contributing to the Situation in Burundi	Exec. Order No. 13,712, <a href="#">80 Fed. Reg. 73,633</a> (Nov. 25, 2015).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have “contributed to the situation in Burundi” in specified ways (e.g., engaging in “actions or policies that threaten the peace, security, or stability of Burundi” or “undermine democratic processes or institutions” in that country).	No presidential revocation identified.  Revoked by Exec. Order 14,054, <a href="#">86 Fed. Reg. 66,149</a> (Nov. 19, 2021).
Apr. 1, 2015	Blocking the Property of Certain Persons Engaging in Significant Malicious Cyber-Enabled Activities	Exec. Order No. 13,694, <a href="#">80 Fed. Reg. 18,077</a> (Apr. 2, 2015) (expanded by Exec. Order No. 13,757, <a href="#">82 Fed. Reg. 1</a> (Jan. 3, 2017)).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have engaged in “significant malicious cyber-enabled activities” (e.g., harming or significantly compromising the provision of services by a computer or computer network that supports an entity in a critical infrastructure sector).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 29 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 19,209</a> (Mar. 30, 2023).
Mar. 8, 2015	Blocking Property and Suspending Entry of Certain Persons Contributing to the Situation in Venezuela	Exec. Order No. 13,692, <a href="#">80 Fed. Reg. 12,747</a> (Mar. 11, 2015) (expanded by Exec. Order No. 13,850, <a href="#">83 Fed. Reg. 55,243</a> (Nov. 2, 2018)).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have “contributed to the situation in Venezuela” in specified ways (e.g., engaging in actions or policies that undermine democratic processes or institutions, significant acts of violence, or conduct that constitutes a serious abuse or violation of human rights).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 1, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 13,287</a> (Mar. 2, 2023).
Jan. 2, 2015	Imposing Additional Sanctions with Respect to North Korea	Exec. Order No. 13,687, <a href="#">80 Fed. Reg. 819</a> (Jan. 6, 2015).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons with specified connections to North Korea (e.g., officials of the North Korean government or the Workers’ Party of Korea).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of June 20, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 40,681</a> (June 22, 2023).

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Dec. 19, 2014	Blocking Property of Certain Persons and Prohibiting Certain Transactions with Respect to the Crimea Region of Ukraine	Exec. Order No. 13,685, <a href="#">79 Fed. Reg. 77,357</a> (Dec. 24, 2014).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have engaged in certain transactions involving the Crimea region of Ukraine (e.g., materially assisting, sponsoring, or providing financial, material, or technological support for, or goods or services to or in support of, persons whose property or interests are blocked under the order).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 1, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 13,285</a> (Mar. 2, 2023).
May 12, 2014	Blocking Property of Certain Persons Contributing to the Conflict in the Central African Republic	Exec. Order No. 13,667, <a href="#">79 Fed. Reg. 28,387</a> (May 15, 2014).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have contributed to the conflict in the Central African Republic in specified ways (e.g., engaging in actions or policies that threaten the peace, security, or stability of that country or that threaten transitional agreements or the political transition process).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of May 10, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 30,637</a> (May 11, 2023).
Apr. 3, 2014	Blocking Property of Certain Persons with Respect to South Sudan	Exec. Order No. 13,664, <a href="#">79 Fed. Reg. 19,283</a> (Apr. 7, 2014).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have engaged in certain conduct as to South Sudan (e.g., actions or policies that “have the purpose or effect of expanding or extending the conflict” in that country or obstructing reconciliation or peace talks or processes).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 29, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 19,211</a> (Mar. 30, 2023).
Mar. 20, 2014	Blocking Property of Additional Persons Contributing to the Situation in Ukraine	Exec. No. Order 13,662, <a href="#">79 Fed. Reg. 16,169</a> (Mar. 24, 2014).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have contributed to the situation in Ukraine in specified ways (e.g., operating in the financial services, energy, metals and mining, engineering, or defense and related materiel sectors of the Russian Federation economy).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 1 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 13,285</a> (Mar. 2, 2023).



Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Mar. 16, 2014	Blocking Property of Additional Persons Contributing to the Situation in Ukraine	Exec. No. Order 13,661, <a href="#">79 Fed. Reg. 15,535</a> (Mar. 19, 2014).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have contributed to the situation in Ukraine in specified ways (e.g., officials of the government of the Russian Federation or persons who operate in the arms or related materiel sector).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 1 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 13,285</a> (Mar. 2, 2023).
Mar. 6, 2014	Blocking Property of Certain Persons Contributing to the Situation in Ukraine	Exec. No. Order 13,660, <a href="#">79 Fed. Reg. 13,493</a> (Mar. 10, 2014).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have contributed to the situation in Ukraine in specified ways (e.g., engagement in or responsibility for misappropriation of state assets of Ukraine or of economically significant entities in that country).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 1 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 13,285</a> (Mar. 2, 2023).
June 3, 2013	Authorizing the Implementation of Certain Sanctions Set Forth in the Iran Freedom and Counter-Proliferation Act of 2012 and Additional Sanctions with Respect to Iran	Exec. Order No. 13,645, <a href="#">78 Fed. Reg. 33,945</a> (June 5, 2013).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who have engaged in certain conduct related to Iran (e.g., materially assisting, sponsoring, or providing support for, or goods or services to or in support of, any Iranian person included on the list of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons).	Revoked by Exec. Order No. 13,716, <a href="#">81 Fed. Reg. 3,693</a> (Jan. 21, 2016) and superseded by Exec. Order No. 13,846, <a href="#">83 Fed. Reg. 38,939</a> (Aug. 7, 2018).
Oct. 9, 2012	Authorizing the Implementation of Certain Sanctions Set Forth in the Iran Threat Reduction and Syria Human Rights Act of 2012 and Additional Sanctions with Respect to Iran	Exec. Order No. 13,628, <a href="#">77 Fed. Reg. 62,139</a> (Oct. 12, 2012) (amended by Exec. Order No. 13,716, <a href="#">81 Fed. Reg. 3,693</a> (Jan. 21, 2018)).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have engaged in certain actions involving Iran (e.g., knowingly transferring or facilitating the transfer of goods or technologies to Iran, to entities organized under Iranian law or subject to Iranian jurisdiction, or to Iranian nationals that are likely to be used by the Iranian government to commit serious human rights abuses against the Iranian people).	Revoked and superseded by Exec. Order No. 13,846, <a href="#">83 Fed. Reg. 38,939</a> (Aug. 7, 2018).

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
July 11, 2012	Blocking Property of Persons Threatening the Peace, Security, or Stability of Burma	Exec. Order No. 13,619, <a href="#">77 Fed. Reg. 41,243 (July 13, 2012)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to threaten the peace, security, or stability of Burma in specified ways (e.g., participation in the commission of human rights abuses or importing or exporting arms or related materiel to or from North Korea).	Revoked by Exec. Order 13,742, <a href="#">81 Fed. Reg. 70,593 (Oct. 12, 2016)</a> .
May 1, 2012	Prohibiting Certain Transactions with and Suspending Entry into the United States of Foreign Sanctions Evaders with Respect to Iran and Syria	Exec. Order No. 13,608, <a href="#">77 Fed. Reg. 26,409 (May 3, 2012)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have engaged in certain conduct as to Iran and Syria (e.g., facilitating deceptive transactions for or on behalf of any person subject to U.S. sanctions concerning Iran and Syria).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 10, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 15,595 (Mar. 13, 2023)</a> .
Apr. 22, 2012	Blocking the Property and Suspending Entry into the United States of Certain Persons with Respect to Grave Human Rights Abuses by the Governments of Iran and Syria via Information Technology	Exec. Order No. 13,606, <a href="#">77 Fed. Reg. 24,571 (Apr. 24, 2012)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons determined to have engaged in specified conduct involving “grave human rights abuses by the governments of Iran and Syria via information technology” (e.g., operating or directing the operation of communications technology that facilitates computer or network disruption, monitoring, or tracking that could assist or enable serious human rights abuses by or on behalf of these governments).	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Notice of Mar. 10, 2023, <a href="#">88 Fed. Reg. 15,595 (Mar. 13, 2023)</a> .

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Aug. 4, 2011	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Who Participate in Serious Human Rights and Humanitarian Law Violations and Other Abuses	Pres. Proc. No. 8,697, <a href="#">76 Fed. Reg. 49,277</a> (Aug. 9, 2011).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who participate in serious human rights and humanitarian law violations and other abuses (e.g., planning, ordering, assisting, aiding and abetting, committing, or otherwise participating in “widespread or systemic violence against any civilian population” based, in whole or in part, on race, color, descent, sex, disability, language, religion, ethnicity, birth, political opinion, national origin, membership in a particular social group, membership in an indigenous group, or sexual orientation or gender identity).	No presidential revocation identified.
July 24, 2011	Suspension of Entry of Aliens Subject to United Nations Security Council Travel Bans and International Emergency Economic Powers Act Sanctions	Pres. Proc. No. 8,693, <a href="#">76 Fed. Reg. 44,751</a> (July 27, 2011).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons subject to U.N. Security Council travel bans and International Emergency Economic Powers Act sanctions.	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Exec. Order No. 14,115, <a href="#">89 Fed. Reg. 7,605</a> (Feb. 5, 2024).
<b>Invocations by President George W. Bush</b>				
Jan. 16, 2009	To Suspend Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Foreign Government Officials Responsible for Failing to Combat Trafficking In Persons	Pres. Proc. No. 8,342, <a href="#">74 Fed. Reg. 4,093</a> (Jan. 22, 2009).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of foreign government officials responsible for failing to combat trafficking in persons.	No presidential revocation identified.
June 28, 2007	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Responsible for Policies and Actions That Threaten Lebanon's Sovereignty and Democracy	Pres. Proc. No. 8,158, <a href="#">72 Fed. Reg. 36,587</a> (July 3, 2007).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons responsible for policies or actions that threaten Lebanon's sovereignty and democracy (e.g., current or former Lebanese government officials and private persons who “deliberately undermine or harm Lebanon's sovereignty”).	No presidential revocation identified.

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
May 12, 2006	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Responsible for Policies or Actions That Threaten the Transition to Democracy in Belarus	Pres. Proc. No. 8,015, <a href="#">71 Fed. Reg. 28,541 (May 16, 2006)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons responsible for policies or actions that threaten the transition to democracy in Belarus (e.g., Members of the government of Alyaksandr Lukashenka and other persons involved in policies or actions that “undermine or injure democratic institutions or impede the transition to democracy in Belarus”).	No presidential revocation identified.
Jan. 12, 2004	To Suspend Entry as Immigrants or Nonimmigrants of Persons Engaged in or Benefiting from Corruption	Pres. Proc. No. 7,750, <a href="#">69 Fed. Reg. 2,287 (Jan. 14, 2004)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who have engaged in or benefited from corruption in specified ways (e.g., current or former public officials whose solicitation or acceptance of articles of monetary value or other benefits has or had “serious adverse effects on the national interests of the United States”).	No presidential revocation identified.
Feb. 22, 2002	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Responsible for Actions That Threaten Zimbabwe’s Democratic Institutions and Transition to a Multi-Party Democracy	Pres. Proc. No. 7,524, <a href="#">67 Fed. Reg. 8,857 (Feb. 26, 2002)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons responsible for actions that threaten Zimbabwe’s democratic institutions and transition to a multiparty democracy (e.g., Senior members of the government of Robert Mugabe, persons who through their business dealings with Zimbabwean government officials derive significant financial benefit from policies that undermine or injure Zimbabwe’s democratic institutions).	No presidential revocation identified.

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
June 26, 2001	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Responsible for Actions That Threaten International Stabilization Efforts in the Western Balkans, and Persons Responsible for Wartime Atrocities in That Region	Pres. Proc. No. 7,452, <a href="#">66 Fed. Reg. 34,775</a> (June 29, 2001).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons responsible for actions that threaten international stabilization efforts in the Western Balkans or are responsible for wartime atrocities in that region.	No presidential revocation identified.
<b>Invocations by President William Clinton</b>				
Oct. 10, 2000	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Impeding the Peace Process in Sierra Leone	Pres. Proc. No. 7,359, <a href="#">65 Fed. Reg. 60,831</a> (Oct. 13, 2000).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who plan, engage in, or benefit from activities that support the Revolutionary United Front or otherwise impede the peace process in Sierra Leone.	No presidential revocation identified.
Nov. 12, 1999	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Responsible for Repression of the Civilian Population in Kosovo or for Policies That Obstruct Democracy in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) ("FRY") or Otherwise Lend Support to the Current Governments of the FRY and of the Republic of Serbia	Pres. Proc. No. 7,249, <a href="#">64 Fed. Reg. 62,561</a> (Nov. 17, 1999).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons responsible for repression of the civilian population in Kosovo or policies that obstruct democracy in the FRY or otherwise lend support to the government of the FRY and the Republic of Serbia.	No presidential revocation identified.
Jan. 14, 1998	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Who Are Members of the Military Junta in Sierra Leone and Members of Their Families	Pres. Proc. No. 7,062, <a href="#">63 Fed. Reg. 2,871</a> (Jan. 16, 1998).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of members of the military junta in Sierra Leone and their families.	No presidential revocation identified.

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Dec. 12, 1997	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Who Are Senior Officials of the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (“UNITA”) and Adult Members of Their Immediate Families	Pres. Proc. No. 7,060, <a href="#">62 Fed. Reg. 65,987 (Dec. 16, 1997)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of senior officials of UNITA and adult members of their immediate families.	No presidential revocation identified.
Nov. 22, 1996	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Who Are Members or Officials of the Sudanese Government or Armed Forces	Pres. Proc. No. 6,958, <a href="#">61 Fed. Reg. 60,007 (Nov. 26, 1996)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of members of the government of Sudan, officials of that country, and members of the Sudanese armed forces.	No presidential revocation identified.
Oct. 3, 1996	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Who Formulate or Implement Policies That Are Impeding the Transition to Democracy in Burma or Who Benefit from Such Policies	Pres. Proc. No. 6,925, <a href="#">61 Fed. Reg. 52,233 (Oct. 7, 1996)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who “formulate, implement, or benefit from policies that impede Burma’s transition to democracy” and their immediate family members.	No presidential revocation identified.
Oct. 25, 1994	Blocking Property and Additional Measures with Respect to the Bosnian Serb-Controlled Areas of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina	Pres. Proc. No. 6,749, <a href="#">59 Fed. Reg. 54,117 (Oct. 27, 1994)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain persons described in U.N. Security Council Resolution 942 (e.g., officers of the Bosnian Serb military and paramilitary forces and those acting on their behalf or persons found to have provided financial, material, logistical, military, or other tangible support to Bosnian Serb forces in violation of relevant U.S. Security Council resolutions).	Revoked by Exec. Order No. 13,304, <a href="#">68 Fed. Reg. 32,315 (May 29, 2003)</a> .
Sept. 30, 1994	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Who Formulate or Implement Policies That Are Impeding the Transition to Democracy in Liberia or Who Benefit from Such Policies	Pres. Proc. No. 6,730, <a href="#">59 Fed. Reg. 50,683 (Oct. 5, 1994)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who formulate, implement, or benefit from policies that impede Liberia’s transition to democracy and those aliens’ immediate families.	No presidential revocation identified.

Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
May 7, 1994	Suspension of Entry of Aliens Whose Entry Is Barred Under United Nations Security Council Resolution 917 or Who Formulate, Implement, or Benefit from Policies That Are Impeding the Negotiations Seeking the Return to Constitutional Rule in Haiti	Pres. Proc. No. 6,685, 59 Fed. Reg. 24,337 (May 10, 1994).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons described in U.N. Security Council Resolution 917 (e.g., officers of the Haitian military, including the police, and their immediate families and major participants in the 1991 Haitian coup d'etat).	No presidential revocation identified.
Dec. 10, 1993	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Who Formulate, Implement, or Benefit from Policies That Are Impeding the Transition to Democracy in Nigeria	Pres. Proc. No. 6,636, 58 Fed. Reg. 65,525 (Dec. 14, 1993).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who formulate, implement, or benefit from policies that impede Nigeria's transition to democracy and their immediate families.	No presidential revocation identified.
June 21, 1993	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Who Formulate, Implement, or Benefit from Policies That Are Impeding the Transition to Democracy in Zaire	Pres. Proc. No. 6,574, 58 Fed. Reg. 34,209 (June 23, 1993).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who formulate or benefit from policies that impede Zaire's transition to democracy and their immediate family.	No presidential revocation identified.
June 3, 1993	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Who Formulate or Implement Policies That Are Impeding the Negotiations Seeking the Return to Constitutional Rule in Haiti	Pres. Proc. No. 6,569, 58 Fed. Reg. 31,897 (June 7, 1993).	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of persons who formulate, implement, or benefit from policies that impede the progress of negotiations to restore a constitutional government to Haiti and their immediate families.	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 6,685, 59 Fed. Reg. 24,337 (May 10, 1994).
<b>Invocation by President George H. W. Bush</b>				
May 24, 1992	Interdiction of Illegal Aliens	Exec. Order No. 12,807, 57 Fed. Reg. 23,133 (June 1, 1992).	Making provisions to enforce the suspension of the entry of inadmissible aliens by sea and the interdiction of any covered vessel carrying such aliens.	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Pres. Proc. No. 9,699, 83 Fed. Reg. 8,161 (Feb. 23, 2018).
<b>Invocations by President Ronald Reagan</b>				



Date of Invocation	Title of Order or Proclamation	Citation	Nature of Exclusion	Status
Oct. 22, 1988	Suspension of Entry as Nonimmigrants of Officers and Employees of the Nicaraguan Government	Pres. Proc. No. 5,887, <a href="#">53 Fed. Reg. 43,185 (Oct. 26, 1988)</a> .	Suspending the entry of specified Nicaraguan nationals into the United States as nonimmigrants (e.g., officers of the Nicaraguan government or the Sandinista National Liberation Front holding diplomatic or official passports).	Revoked by Pres. Proc. No. 6,167, <a href="#">55 Fed. Reg. 33,093 (Aug. 13, 1990)</a> .
June 10, 1988	Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Nonimmigrants of Persons Who Formulate or Implement the Policies of the Noriega/Solis Palma Regime	Pres. Proc. No. 5,829, <a href="#">53 Fed. Reg. 22,289 (June 14, 1988)</a> .	Suspending the entry as immigrants or nonimmigrants of certain Panamanian nationals who formulate or implement the policies of Manuel Antonio Noriega and Manuel Solis Palma and their immediate families.	No presidential revocation identified.
Aug. 22, 1986	Suspension of Cuban Immigration	Pres. Proc. No. 5,517, <a href="#">51 Fed. Reg. 30,470 (Aug. 26, 1986)</a> .	Suspending the entry of Cuban nationals as immigrants with certain specified exceptions (e.g., Cuban nationals applying for admission as immediate relatives under INA § 201(b)).	No presidential revocation identified.
Oct. 4, 1985	Suspension of Entry as Nonimmigrants by Officers or Employees of the Government of Cuba or the Communist Party of Cuba	Pres. Proc. No. 5,377, <a href="#">50 Fed. Reg. 41,329 (Oct. 10, 1985)</a> .	Suspending the entry of specified classes of Cuban nationals as nonimmigrants (e.g., officers or employees of the Cuban government or the Communist Party of Cuba holding diplomatic or official passports).	No presidential revocation identified.
Sept. 29, 1981	High Seas Interdiction of Illegal Aliens	Pres. Proc. No. 4,865, <a href="#">46 Fed. Reg. 48,107 (Oct. 1, 1981)</a> (expanded by Exec. Order No. 12,807, <a href="#">57 Fed. Reg. 23,133 (June 1, 1992)</a> ).	Suspending the entry of inadmissible aliens from the high seas and directing the interdiction of certain vessels carrying such aliens.	No presidential revocation identified.  Referenced in Pres. Proc. No. 9,822, <a href="#">83 Fed. Reg. 57,661 (Nov. 15, 2018)</a> .

**Source:** Westlaw's *Presidential Documents* database and the [White House's Presidential Action web page](#).

**Note:** A number of the proclamations and orders listed above make the entry restrictions they impose subject to waivers, exceptions, and limitations. See, e.g., Pres. Proc. No. 9,645, [82 Fed. Reg. 45,161](#), at § 3 (Sept. 27, 2017).

## Table Methodology

The entry restrictions above were compiled through searches of Westlaw's *Presidential Documents* database for variations and combinations of the terms *Immigration and Nationality Act*, *INA*, § 212(f), 8 U.S.C. § 1182(f), *vetting capabilities*, *alien*, *person*, *immigrant*, *nonimmigrant*, *suspend*, *entry*, *entering*, and *block* as of February 15, 2024. CRS supplemented this methodology by reviewing the White House's [Presidential Action web page](#) for entry restrictions issued after the publication of the February 15, 2024,

issue of the *Federal Register*. **Table 1** identifies only those presidential documents that expressly impose entry restrictions under 8 U.S.C. § 1182(f).

To determine whether a listed entry restriction has been expressly amended or revoked by a later presidential document, CRS completed a manual review of results from searches of Westlaw’s *Presidential Documents* database for (*order OR proclamation OR EO OR E.O.*) *PRE /5* [presidential document number(s) listed in **Column 3**] as of February 15, 2024. Identified amendments and partial revocations are listed as parentheticals in **Column 3**, and complete revocations are listed in **Column 5**. When this methodology yielded no results expressly revoking the listed entry restriction, the column notes that “no presidential revocation was identified.” In such instances, the column cell also includes the most recent (if any) reference to the corresponding entry restriction in Westlaw’s *Presidential Documents* database as of February 15, 2024.

*Acknowledgment: **Table 1** updates an earlier table prepared and updated by Kate M. Manuel, Ben Harrington, and Theresa Reiss.*

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